

**GENERAL INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES FOR ELECTION AND FOR PROPOSERS AND SECONDRS
OF CANDIDATES FOR ELECTION AS CONNÉTABLE OR DEPUTY.**

1. QUALIFICATION AND DISQUALIFICATION FOR ELECTION

The qualification and disqualification criteria for standing for election to office as a Connétable or as a Deputy, are set out in the States of Jersey Law 2005 and the Connétables (Jersey) Law 2008 (the relevant Articles are included for information later in this document).

In addition, a person standing for election as Connétable must be resident in the Parish in which they are a candidate.

2. NOMINATION FORM AND DECLARATIONS

A candidate must complete a nomination form for election to the office of Connétable or Deputy. This includes a declaration of any party political endorsement, which should be completed in full **BEFORE** any proposers or seconders sign the nomination form. Completed forms, together with a summary of your manifesto and a high-resolution digital photograph, should be submitted in person to the Jersey Electoral Authority, Morier House, Halkett Place, St. Helier during the nomination period.

3. A DECLARATION OF CONVICTIONS

A declaration of eligibility for election and certain convictions must be made by all candidates for election. The declaration is included in this pack and is an integral part of the nomination form and must be submitted at the same time. The declaration will be published on vote.je.

4. ELECTORAL CONSTITUENCIES

The electoral constituencies for each election are as follows:

- (a) The Parish for the office of Connétable
- (b) For the office of Deputy –

CONSTITUENCIES MAP



- 1. St. Mary, St. Ouen and St. Peter
- 2. St. Brellade
- 3. St. John, St. Lawrence and Trinity
- 4. St. Helier North
- 5. St. Helier Central
- 6. St. Helier South
- 7. St. Saviour
- 8. St. Clement
- 9. Grouville and St. Martin

5. OFFICE OF CONNÉTABLE

Candidates for election should be aware that the Royal Court may refuse to swear a person to office if not satisfied that they are a fit and proper person to hold that office. Candidates may be asked to complete a basic criminal records check.

6. CANDIDATE IN ONE ELECTION AT A TIME

You can only stand as a candidate in one election at a time. Under the Elections (Jersey) Law 2002, a person who is nominated as a candidate cannot be nominated to stand for any other constituency or office where the elections are held on the same day. If a person is admitted as a candidate in an election and is subsequently admitted as a candidate in another of those elections, then the earlier admission falls away.

7. PROPOSER AND SECONDRS

The proposer and seconders of a candidate must all be entitled under Article 2(1A) and 2(2) of the Elections (Jersey) Law 2002 to vote for the candidate they nominate in any poll held for the election. They must live in the Parish or constituency in which the candidate wishes to stand.

8. ELECTION EXPENSES

The Public Elections (Expenditure and Donations) (Jersey) Law 2014 limits the amount that candidates can spend when standing for election to the States as a Connétable or Deputy. Candidates must keep records of their expenditure on election related items from 4 months before the election date. Each candidate is able to spend £2050 plus 13p for every person on the electoral register for their Parish (Connétable) or constituency (Deputy). Details of this number can be obtained from the relevant Parish Hall/s.

9. ELECTION MATERIALS

The Department for the Infrastructure, Housing and Environment has requirements and guidelines regarding the placing of election materials on the highway and on road signs. Please ensure you follow these requirements and guidelines on vote.je

10. DATA PROTECTION

The details you provide may be processed by the Jersey Electoral Authority, Parishes, the Judicial Greffe, States Greffe and/or the Law Officers' Department in accordance with the Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018 for the purposes of the Public Elections (Jersey) Law 2002. The personal information provided by Proposer/Seconders will be held under the terms of the Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018 and may be shared with the administrative function of the relevant parish(es), the Jersey Electoral Authority and/or staff at the States Greffe.

11. CODE OF CONDUCT

All candidates and their supporters must comply with the Code of Conduct provided by the Jersey Electoral Authority.

CONNÉTABLES (JERSEY) LAW 2008

ARTICLE 4B Qualification for election as Connétable

- (1) A person shall, unless disqualified by paragraph (2), Article 4C or any other enactment, be qualified for election as a Connétable if he or she –
 - (a) is of full age; and
 - (b) is a British citizen who has been ordinarily resident in Jersey –
 - (i) for a period of at least 2 years up to and including the day of the election, or
 - (ii) for a period of at least 6 months up to and including the day of the election, as well as having been so resident at any time for an additional period of (or additional periods totalling) at least 5 years.
- (2) A person shall be disqualified for election if he or she is a paid officer in the service of the States or any administration of the States, unless he or she is permitted, by or under the Employment of States of Jersey Employees (Jersey) Law 2005, to stand for election as a Connétable.
- (3) A retiring Connétable who is not disqualified by this Law or any other enactment shall be eligible for re-election.

ARTICLE 4C Disqualification for election as Connétable

- (1) A disqualified person may not be elected as, or take the oath of the office of, Connétable.
- (2) A person who is an elected Connétable ceases to hold office upon –
 - (a) becoming a disqualified person;
 - (b) ceasing to be a British citizen;
 - (c) the expiry of a period of 6 months during which the person has not been resident in Jersey, (and accordingly the office becomes vacant for the purposes of Article 3).
- (3) A “disqualified person” is a person who –
 - (a) holds any paid office or other place of profit under the Crown;
 - (b) is a member of the States of Jersey Police Force;
 - (c) is detained in an approved establishment or is subject to guardianship under the Mental Health (Jersey) Law 2016;
 - (d) is a person in respect of whom a delegate has been appointed under Part 4 of the Capacity and Self-Determination (Jersey) Law 2016;
 - (e) has an attorney without whom he or she may not act in matters movable or immovable;
 - (f) has become bankrupt or made a composition or arrangement with his or her creditors (subject to paragraphs (4) and (5));
 - (g) has been convicted of an offence under the Corruption (Jersey) Law 2006 by virtue of being, within the meaning of that Law, a public official or a member, officer or employee of a public body; or
 - (h) has been convicted, whether in Jersey or elsewhere, of any offence and ordered to be imprisoned for a period of not less than 3 months, without the option of a fine (subject to paragraph (7)).
- (4) A person who has become bankrupt ceases to be a “disqualified person” by reason of paragraph (3)(f) –
 - (a) if the person pays his or her debts in full on or before the day on which the bankruptcy proceedings conclude, on the day the proceedings are concluded; or
 - (b) in any other case, on the expiry of the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which the bankruptcy proceedings are concluded.

- (5) A person who has made a composition or arrangement with his or her creditors ceases to be a “disqualified person” by reason of paragraph (3)(f) –
 - (a) if the person pays his or her debts in full, on the day on which the final payment is made;
 - (b) in any other case, on the expiry of the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which the terms of the composition or arrangement are fulfilled.
- (6) Paragraph (7) applies to a person who has been convicted of an offence by reference to which paragraph (3)(h) applies (the “disqualification offence”).
- (7) The person ceases to be a “disqualified person” by reason of paragraph (3)(h) on the expiry of the period of 7 years beginning with the day of the person’s conviction for the disqualification offence.
- (8) Article 18(2) of the Public Elections (Expenditure and Donations) (Jersey) Law 2014 makes further provision about disqualification following conviction for an offence under that Law.

STATES OF JERSEY LAW 2005

ARTICLE 7 QUALIFICATION FOR ELECTION AS DEPUTY

- (1) A person shall, unless disqualified by paragraph (2) or Article 8(1) or any other enactment, be qualified for election as a Deputy if he or she –
 - (a) is of full age; and
 - (b) is a British citizen who has been –
 - (i) ordinarily resident in Jersey for a period of at least 2 years up to and including the day of the election, or
 - (ii) ordinarily resident in Jersey for a period of 6 months up to and including the day of the election, as well as having been ordinarily resident in Jersey at any time for an additional period of, or for additional periods that total, at least 5 years.
- (2) A person shall be disqualified for election as a Deputy, if he or she is a paid officer in the service of the States or any administration of the States, unless he or she is permitted, by or under the [Employment of States of Jersey Employees \(Jersey\) Law 2005](#), to stand for election as a Deputy.^[15]
- (3) A retiring Deputy who is not disqualified by this Law or any other enactment shall be eligible for re-election.

ARTICLE 8 DISQUALIFICATION FOR OFFICE AS DEPUTY

- (1) A disqualified person may not be elected as, or take the oath of the office of, Deputy.
- (2) A person who is an elected Deputy ceases to hold office upon –
 - (a) becoming a disqualified person;
 - (b) ceasing to be a British citizen;
 - (c) the expiry of a period of 6 months during which the person has not been resident in Jersey, (and accordingly the office becomes vacant for the purposes of Article 13).
- (3) A “disqualified person” is a person who –
 - (a) holds any paid office or other place of profit under the Crown;
 - (b) is a member of the States of Jersey Police Force;
 - (c) is detained in an approved establishment or is subject to guardianship under the Mental Health (Jersey) Law 2016;
 - (d) is a person in respect of whom a delegate has been appointed under Part 4 of the Capacity and Self-Determination (Jersey) Law 2016;
 - (e) has an attorney without whom he or she may not act in matters movable or immovable;

- (f) has become bankrupt or made a composition or arrangement with his or her creditors (subject to paragraphs (4) and (5));
 - (g) has been convicted of an offence under the Corruption (Jersey) Law 2006 by virtue of being, within the meaning of that Law, a public official or a member, officer or employee of a public body; or
 - (h) has been convicted, whether in Jersey or elsewhere, of any offence and ordered to be imprisoned for a period of not less than 3 months, without the option of a fine (subject to paragraph (7)).
- (4) A person who has become bankrupt ceases to be a “disqualified person” by reason of paragraph (3)(f) –
- (a) if the person pays his or her debts in full on or before the day on which the bankruptcy proceedings conclude, on the day the proceedings are concluded; or
 - (b) in any other case, on the expiry of the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which the bankruptcy proceedings are concluded.
- (5) A person who has made a composition or arrangement with his or her creditors ceases to be a “disqualified person” by reason of paragraph (3)(f) –
- (a) if the person pays his or her debts in full, on the day on which the final payment is made;
 - (b) in any other case, on the expiry of the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which the terms of the composition or arrangement are fulfilled.
- (6) Paragraph (7) applies to a person who has been convicted of an offence by reference to which paragraph (3)(h) applies (the “disqualification offence”).
- (7) The person ceases to be a “disqualified person” by reason of paragraph (3)(h) on the expiry of the period of 7 years beginning with the day of the person’s conviction for the disqualification offence.
- (8) Article 18(2) of the Public Elections (Expenditure and Donations) (Jersey) Law 2014 makes further provision about disqualification following conviction for an offence under that Law.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES 7-12 SHOULD BE PRINTED DOUBLE SIDED

**DECLARATION BY CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF DEPUTY
UNDER THE STATES OF JERSEY LAW 2005**

I, the undersigned (insert name)
hereby declare that I have read and understood the provisions of Article 9 of the States of Jersey
Law 2005 and that:

- i) I am not disqualified for election; and
- ii) I have no relevant convictions for the purposes of Article 9(1)(b) and (c).

OR

The convictions I must declare for the purposes of Article 9(1)(b) and (c) are as follows –

Signed Date

Note: Article 9(3) of the States of Jersey Law 2005 provides that a person who knowingly makes a false declaration shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

This declaration will be published on vote.je.

The details you provide may be processed by the Jersey Electoral Authority, Parishes, the Judicial Greffe, States Greffe and/or the Law Officers' Department in accordance with the Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018 for the purposes of Elections (Jersey) Law 2002 and/or the States of Jersey Law 2005.

States of Jersey 2005 Law Article 9 Declaration to be made when nominated

- (1) Subject to paragraph (1A), a person seeking election as a Deputy shall, at the time of his or her nomination (see Article 17D of the Elections (Jersey) Law 2002), be required to make a declaration, in writing –
 - (a) that he or she is qualified for being elected by virtue of this Law or any other enactment;
 - (b) of his or her convictions, whether in Jersey or elsewhere, which are not spent convictions;
 - (c) notwithstanding the Rehabilitation of Offenders (Jersey) Law 2001, of his or her spent convictions, whether in Jersey or elsewhere, for any of the following offences –
 - (i) treason,
 - (ii) murder,
 - (iii) manslaughter,
 - (iv) any offence that is a relevant offence within the meaning of the Sex Offenders (Jersey) Law 2010,
 - (v)
 - (vi)
 - (vii) any offence committed when the person seeking election was of full age, against another person who was not, at the time of the offence, of full age,

- (viii) fraud or any like offence,
- (ix) obtaining property by false pretences,
- (x) theft,
- (xi) perjury,
- (xii) perverting the course of justice,
- (xiii) an offence mentioned in the definition “drug trafficking” in Article 1(1) of the Misuse of Drugs (Jersey) Law 1978,
- (xiv) an offence of attempt to commit any of the offences in clauses (i) to (xiii),
- (xv) an offence of conspiracy or incitement to commit any of the offences in clauses (i) to (xiii),
- (xvi) an offence of aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring any of the offences in clauses (i) to (xv).¹¹⁸¹

(1A) A person is not required to make a declaration of a conviction for an act which would not, by reference to Article 12 of the Sexual Offences (Jersey) Law 2007, result in a conviction if it had been committed in Jersey on or after 12th January 2007.¹¹⁹¹

(2) ¹²⁰¹

(3) A person who knowingly makes a false declaration under paragraph (1) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of level 3 on the standard scale.¹²¹¹

(4) The States may by Regulations amend paragraph (1)(c) so as to vary, add or omit any description of offence for which a spent conviction must be disclosed.

(5) ¹²²¹

(6) In this Article, “spent conviction” has the same meaning as in the Rehabilitation of Offenders (Jersey) Law 2001.

DECLARATION BY CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF CONNÉTABLE
UNDER THE CONNÉTABLES (JERSEY) LAW 2008

I, the undersigned (insert name)
hereby declare that I have read and understood the provisions of Article 4A of the Connétables
(Jersey) Law 2008 and that -

- iii) I am not disqualified for election; and
- iv) I have no relevant convictions for the purposes of Article 4A(1)(b) and (c).

OR

The convictions I must declare for the purposes of Article 4A(A)(b) and (c) are as follows –

Signed Date

Note: Article 4A(3) of the Connétables (Jersey) Law 2008 provides that a person who knowingly makes a false declaration shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

This declaration will be published on vote.je.

The details you provide may be processed by the Jersey Electoral Authority, Parishes, the Judicial Greffe, States Greffe and/or the Law Officers' Department in accordance with the Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018 for the purposes of Elections (Jersey) Law 2002 and/or the States of Jersey Law 2005.

4A Declaration to be made when nominated

- (1) Subject to paragraph (1A), a person seeking election as a Connétable shall, at the time of his or her nomination (see Article 17D of the Elections (Jersey) Law 2002), be required to make a declaration, in writing –
 - (a) that he or she is qualified for election by virtue of this Law or any other enactment;
 - (b) of his or her convictions, whether in Jersey or elsewhere, which are not spent convictions;
 - (c) notwithstanding the Rehabilitation of Offenders (Jersey) Law 2001, of his or her spent convictions, whether in Jersey or elsewhere, for any of the following offences –
 - (i) treason,
 - (ii) murder,
 - (iii) manslaughter,
 - (iv) any offence that is a relevant offence within the meaning of the Sex Offenders (Jersey) Law 2010,
 - (v)
 - (vi)
 - (vii) any offence committed when the person seeking election was of full age, against another person who was not, at the time of the offence, of full age,

- (viii) fraud or any like offence,
 - (ix) obtaining property by false pretences,
 - (x) theft,
 - (xi) perjury,
 - (xii) perverting the course of justice,
 - (xiii) an offence mentioned in the definition “drug trafficking” in Article 1(1) of the Misuse of Drugs (Jersey) Law 1978.
 - (xiv) an offence of attempt to commit any of the offences in clauses (i) to (xiii),
 - (xv) an offence of conspiracy or incitement to commit any of the offences in clauses (i) to (xiii),
 - (xvi) an offence of aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring any of the offences in clauses (i) to (xv).
- (1A) A person is not required to make a declaration of a conviction for an act which would not, by reference to Article 12 of the Sexual Offences (Jersey) Law 2007, result in a conviction if it had been committed in Jersey on or after 12th January 2007.
- (2)
- (3) A person who knowingly makes a false declaration under paragraph (1) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of level 3 on the standard scale.
- (4) The States may by Regulations amend paragraph (1)(c) so as to vary, add or omit any description of offence for which a spent conviction must be disclosed.
- (5)
- (6) In this Article “spent conviction” has the same meaning as in the Rehabilitation of Offenders (Jersey) Law 2001.

ELECTIONS (JERSEY) LAW 2002: NOMINATION FORM FOR OFFICE OF CONNÉTABLE OF(PARISH)
OR DEPUTY OF(CONSTITUENCY) (DELETE/COMPLETE AS APPLICABLE)

- **IMPORTANT: All 3 sections of this form must be completed before submission**
- **Part 3 overleaf must ONLY be completed once parts 1 & 2 have been completed FULLY**
- This side must be signed TWICE by the candidate. The signatures of the 10 people proposing and seconding the candidate are required overleaf.

PART 1 CANDIDATE DETAILS

- A. My full legal name is.....
- B. I wish to use the following name in my public life (subject to the approval of the JEA)
- C. My home address is.....
- D. My home address can be published YES/NO (delete as applicable) If No provide alternative here.....
- E. My electoral number is (please include if known)
- F. I understand that all my election expenses incurred from 22nd February 2022 are subject to review by the JEA as and when required
- G. I have read and agree to comply with the Code of Conduct for candidates published by the JEA
- H. I have provided material for inclusion in the manifesto document and a high-resolution digital photograph for use in this election
- I. I have signed and included the relevant qualification declaration

Signature of candidate:Date.....Time

PART 2 POLITICAL PARTY DECLARATION (DELETE A OR B AS APPLICABLE)

I confirm that– (A) my candidacy is **NOT** endorsed by any political party
(B) my candidacy **IS** endorsed by [registered name of political party] and I confirm that I wish for that party’s registered name / registered abbreviation [*delete as appropriate*] to be entered on the ballot paper next to my name.

Signature of candidate:Date:Time

IMPORTANT: If candidacy is endorsed by a political party, this form must be signed by 2 persons who are registered officeholders of the registered political party:

Signature:Print Name:Date:Time

Signature:Print Name:Date:Time

PART 3 PROPOSER and 9 SECONDRS

(IMPORTANT: ONLY collect signatures when parts 1& 2 overleaf are complete. Names and addresses should be in **full** (as they appear on the electoral roll)

We, the undersigned, nominate [full name].....as a candidate for the office of.....

Proposer/Seconder's Full Name	Full <u>POSTAL</u> Address (e-mail NOT acceptable)	Parish/Constituency	Electoral No (if known)	Signature	Date	Time

*The personal information provided by Proposer/Seconders will be held under the terms of the Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2018 and may be shared with the administrative function of the relevant parish(es), the Jersey Electoral Authority and/or staff at the States Greffe